

Latitudinal and vertical gradients in structure and distribution of size-fractionated plankton in the eastern Fram Strait region



Trudnowska Emilia

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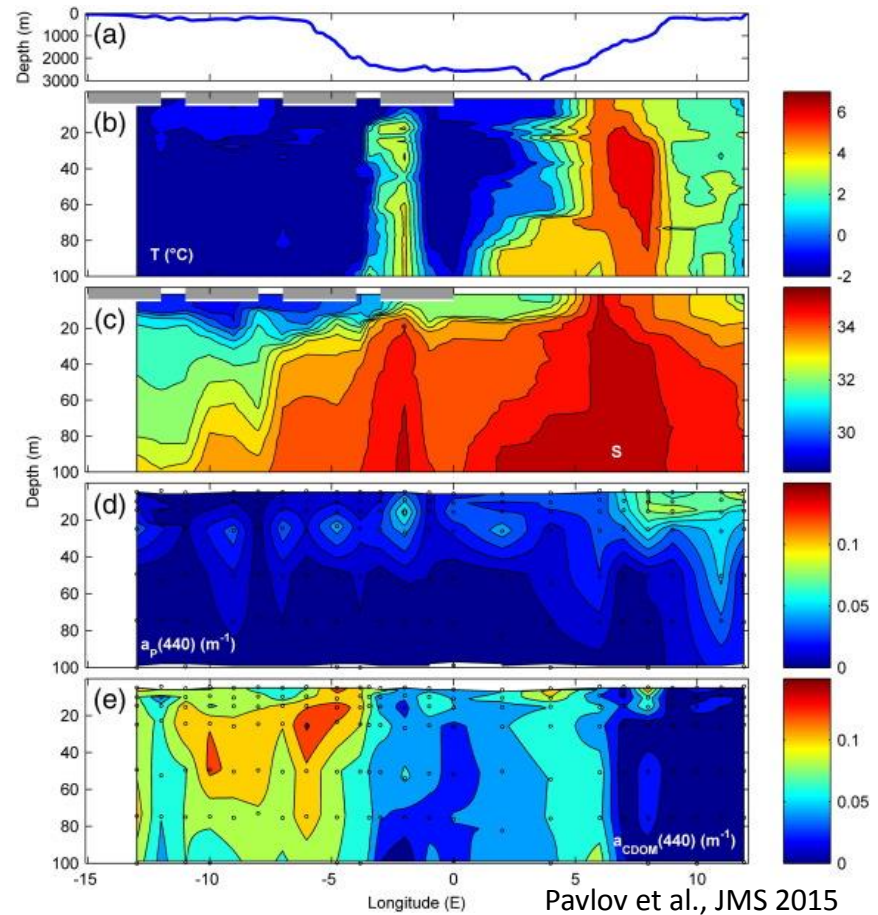
Blachowiak-Samolyk Katarzyna



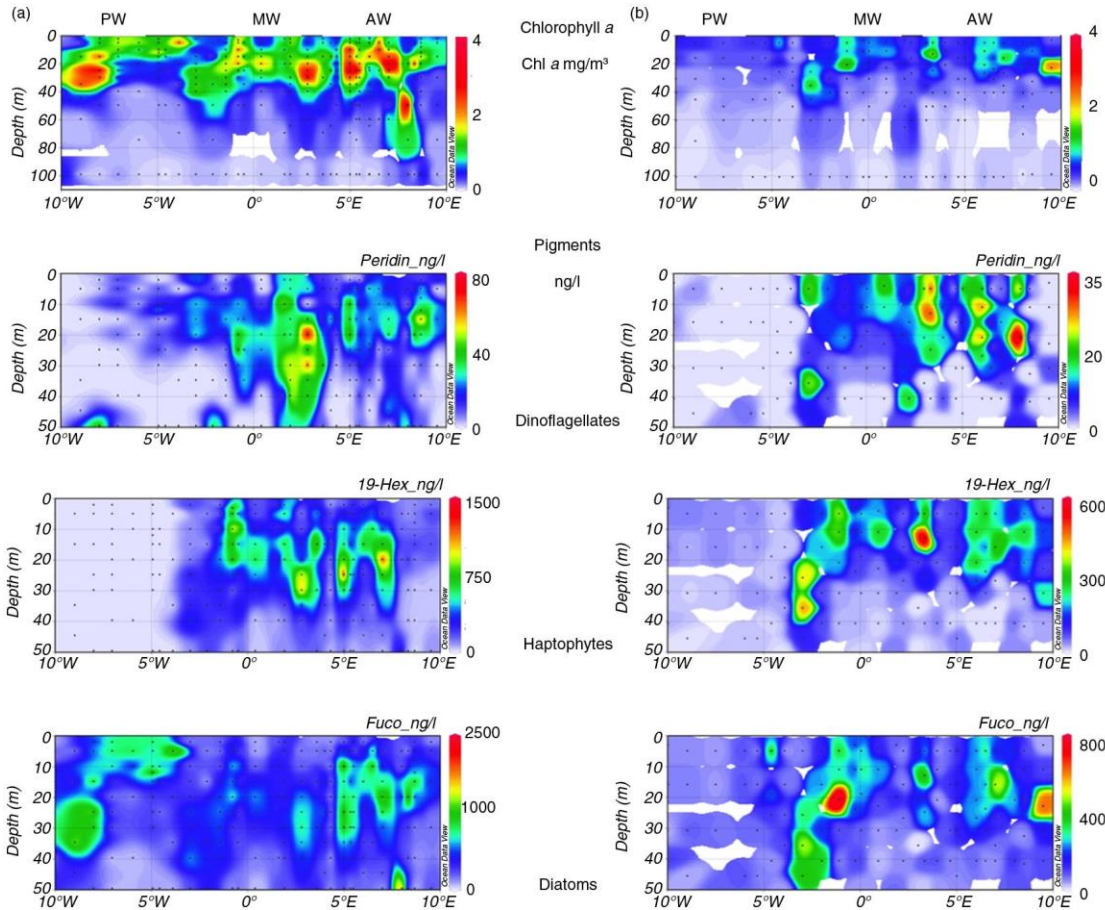
Climate change -- inflow of Atlantic Water -- Fram Strait



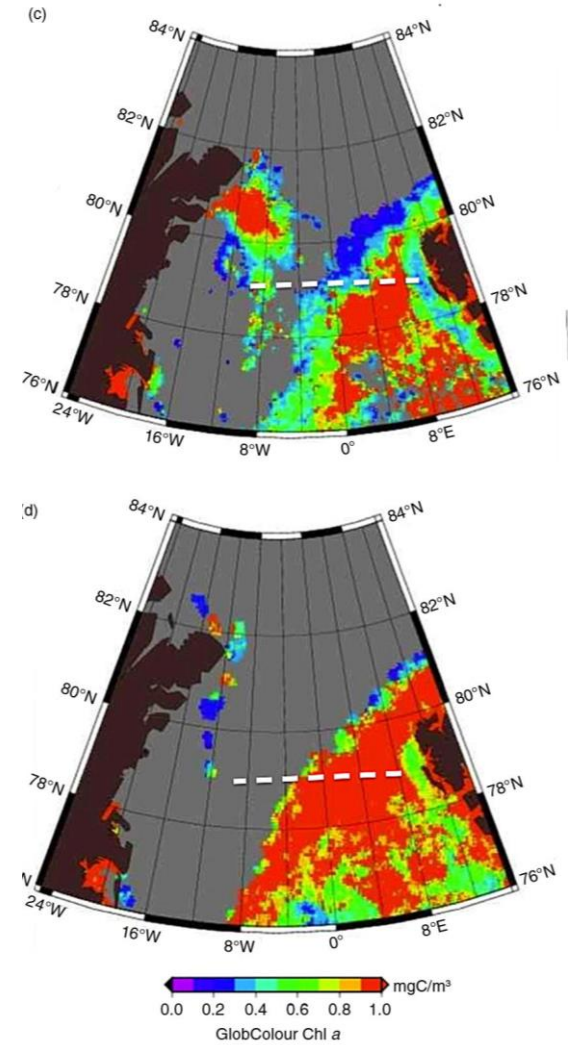
©2004, ACIA/ map ©Clifford Grabhorn



Primary production & protists -- spatial variability --



Nöthig et al., PR 2015

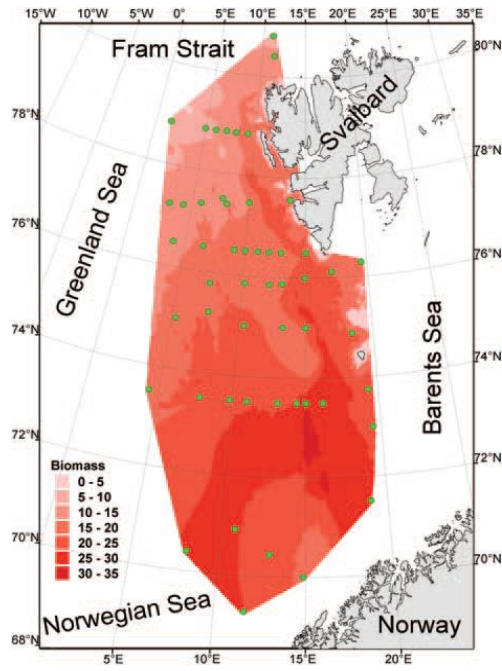


Dominance of diatoms was replaced by a dominance of *Phaeocystis pouchetii* and other small pico- and nanoplankton species

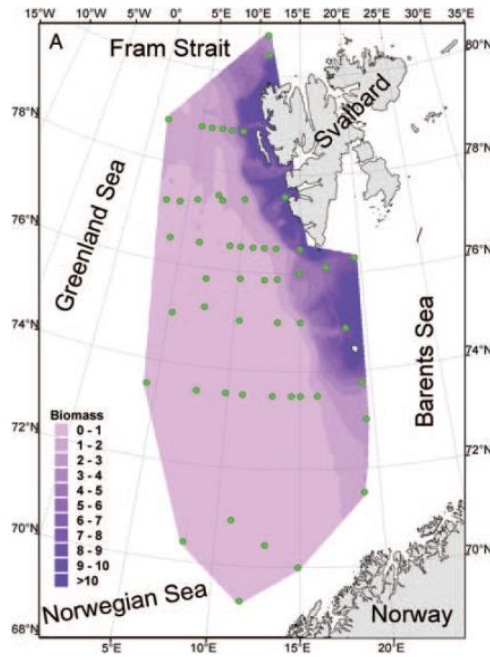


Zooplankton biomass -- *Calanus* copepods

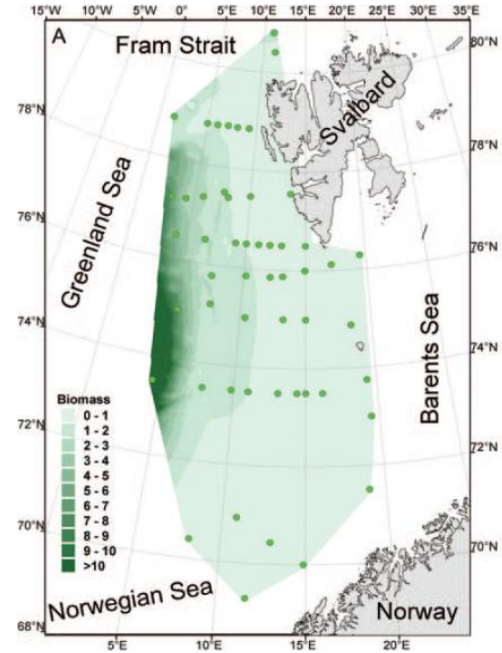
C. finmarchicus



C. glacialis

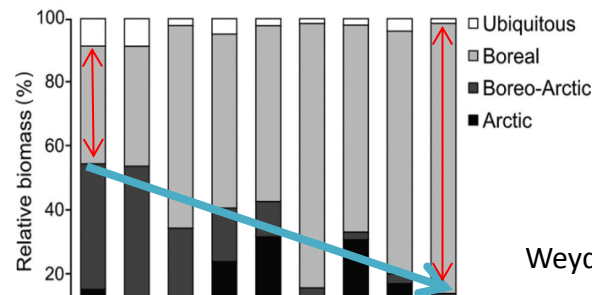


C. hyperboreus



Carstensen et al., JPR 2012

Shift towards the dominance of boreal species in the Arctic



Weydmann et al., MEPS 2014

Climate warming -- Size response

Global warming benefits the small in aquatic ecosystems

Martin Daufresne^{a,b,1}, Kathrin Lengfellner^a, and Ulrich Sommer^a

^aFB3–Marine Ökologie, Leibniz-Institut für Meereswissenschaften (IFM-GEOMAR), 24105 Kiel, Germany; ^bCemagref, 13182 Aix-en-Provence, France

Edited by Stephen R. Carpenter, University of Wisconsin, Madison, WI, and approved June 3, 2009 (received July 1, 2009)

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ROYAL SOCIETY BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

Smallest Algae Thrive As the Arctic Ocean Freshens

William K. W. Li,^{1*} Fiona A. McLaughlin,² Connie Lovejoy,³ Eddy C. Carmack²

Warming alters community size structure and ecosystem functioning

Matteo Dossena, Gabriel Yvon-Durocher, Jonathan Grey, José M. Montoya, Daniel M. Perkins, Mark Trimmer and Guy Woodward

Proc. R. Soc. B 2012 **279**, doi: 10.1098/rspb.2012.0394 first published online 11 April 2012

nature climate change

PERSPECTIVE

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 16 OCTOBER 2011 | DOI: 10.1038/NCLIMATE1259

Shrinking body size as an ecological response to climate change

Jennifer A. Sheridan* and David Bickford*

Opinion

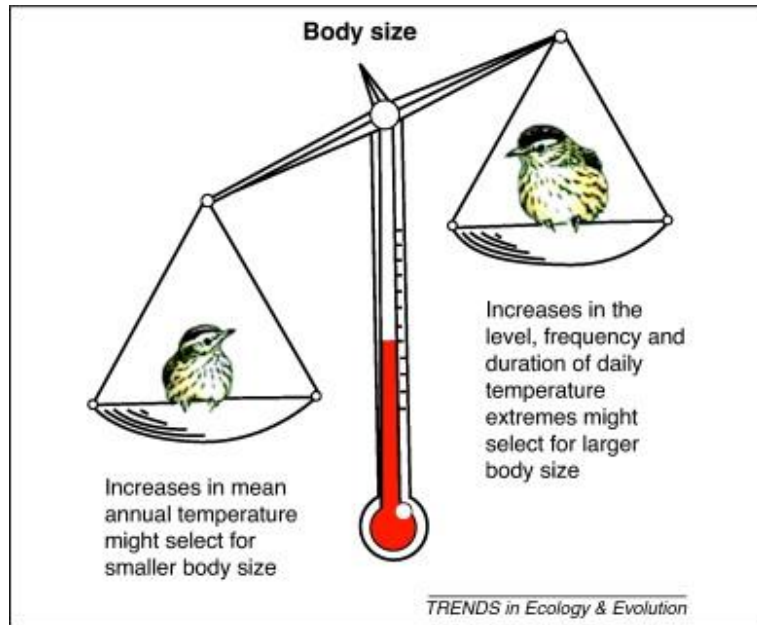
Cell PRESS

Declining body size: a third universal response to warming?

Janet L. Gardner¹, Anne Peters^{2,3}, Michael R. Kearney⁴, Leo Joseph⁵ and Robert Heinsohn¹



expected consequences – various levels



Gardner et al., 2011

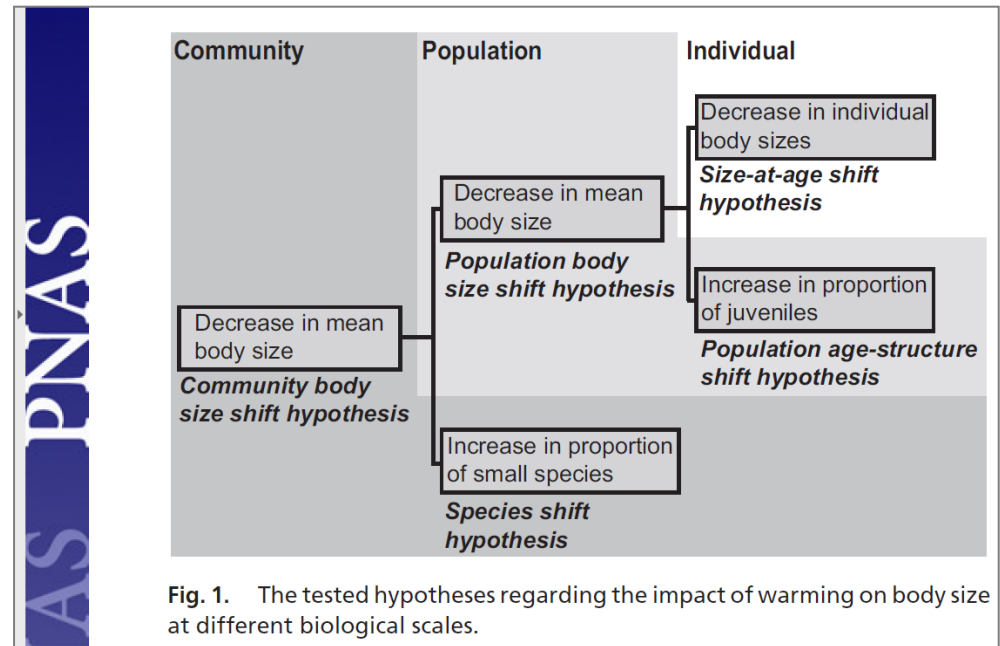
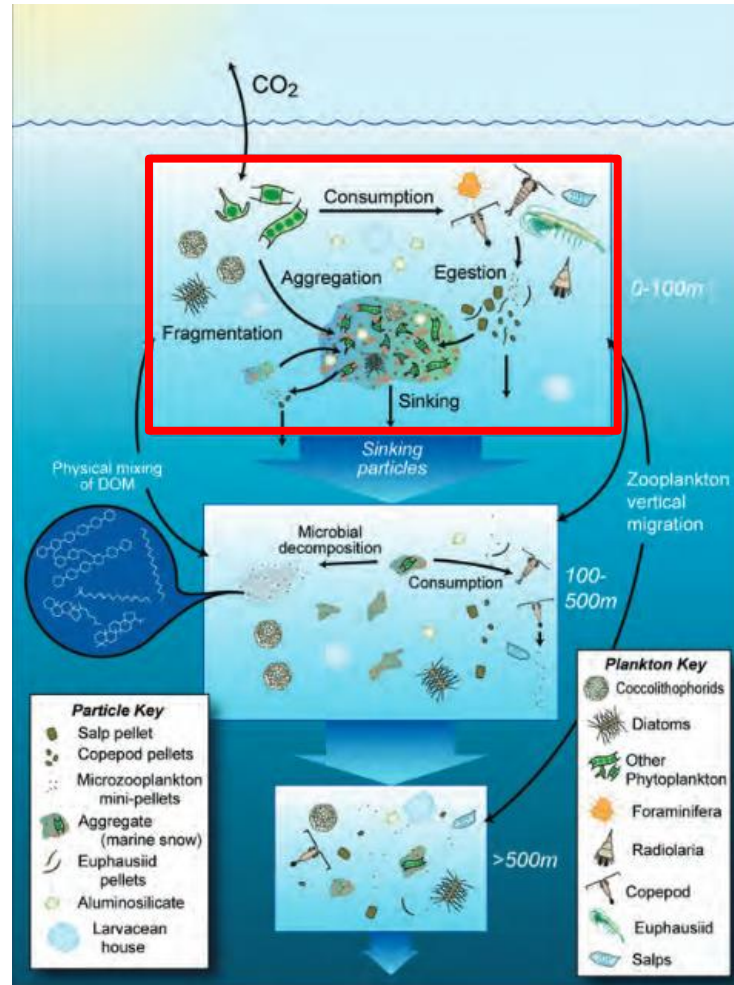


Fig. 1. The tested hypotheses regarding the impact of warming on body size at different biological scales.

Daufresne et al., 2009



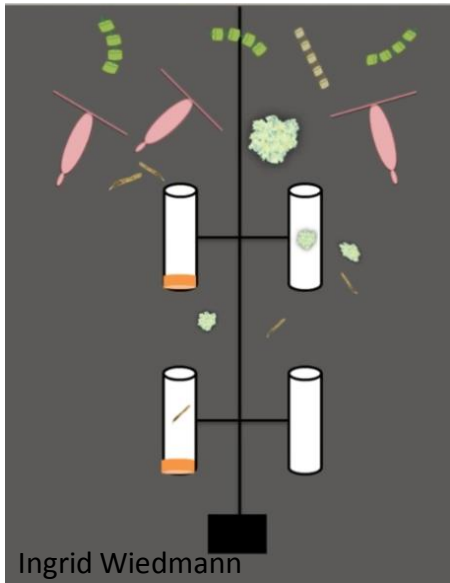
The changes within marine food webs in the Arctic have effects on the global biochemical cycles



Buesseler et al. 2007, JMR

Thus the studies of the relative roles of diverse plankton size fractions are now highly desirable

sediment traps



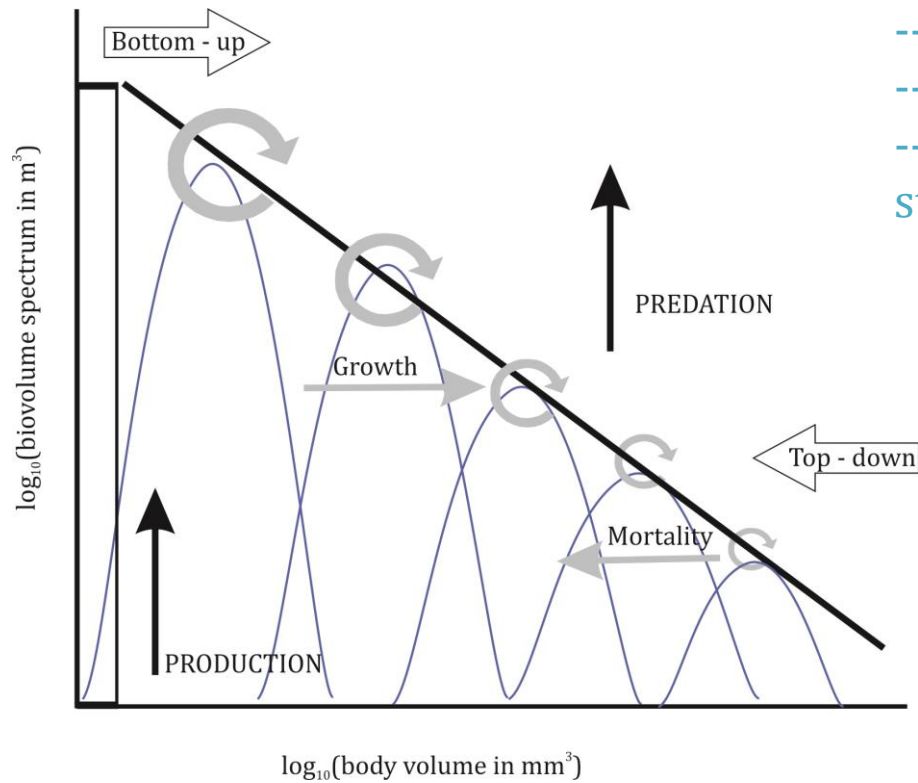
bottles



nets



Normalized Biomass Size Spectrum



Alternative approach to
-- taxonomic
-- production
-- trophic
-- response to perturbations
studies of pelagic ecosystems



High resolution -- automatic -- simultaneous measurements of size structure & CTD & chlorophyll fluorescence

LISST

Laser In Situ Scattering and Transmissometry
1 – 250 μm



LOPC

Laser Optical Plankton Counter
100 μm – 3.5 cm



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Trudnowska E.; Sagan S.; Basedow S.; Zhou M.; Blachowiak-Samolyk K.



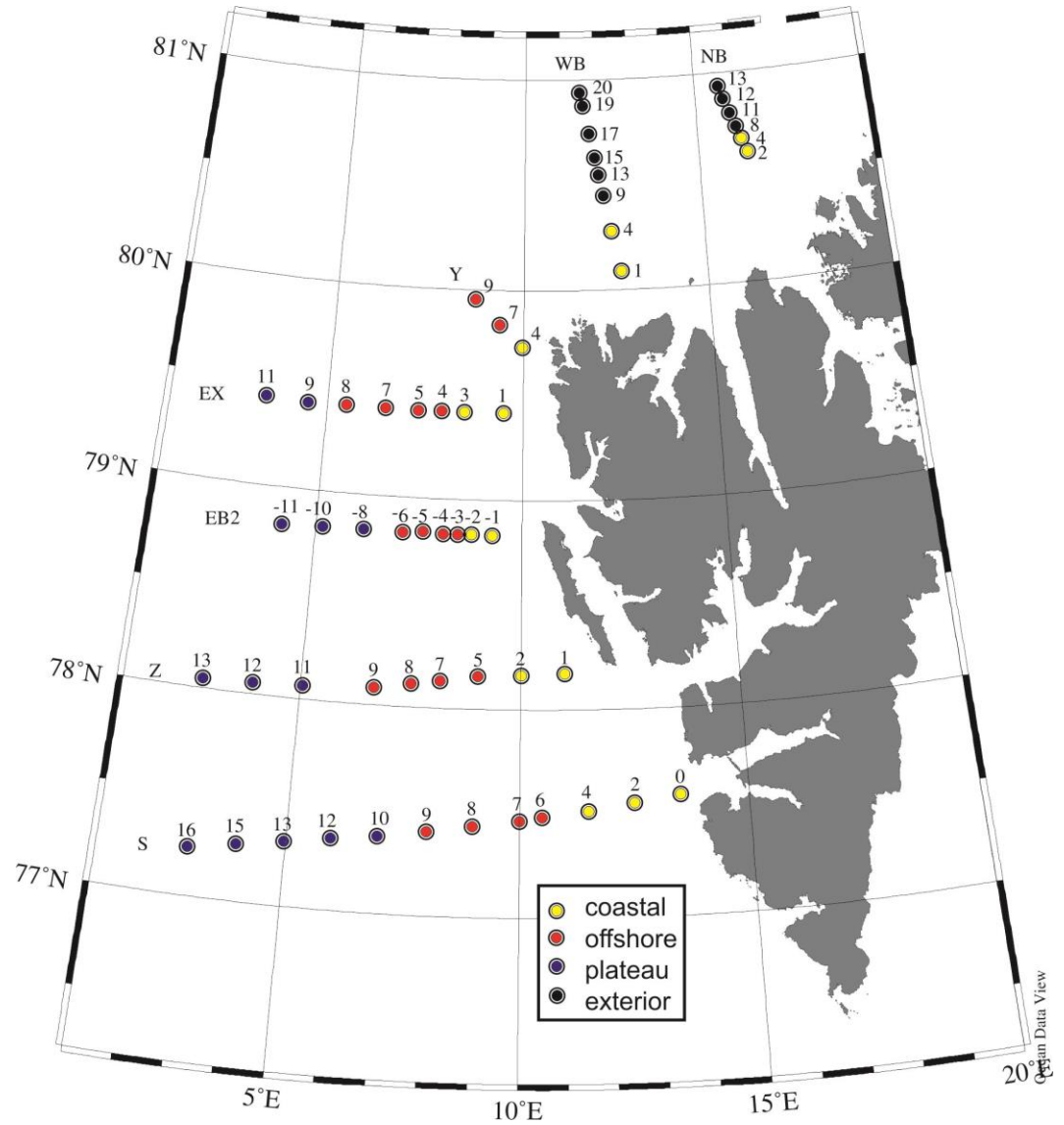
Objective:

Size structure of particles and plankton
as a function of a few size metrics
analyzed along diverse gradients:

- environmental : water masses & chlorophyll
- spatial : latitudinal & regional & vertical

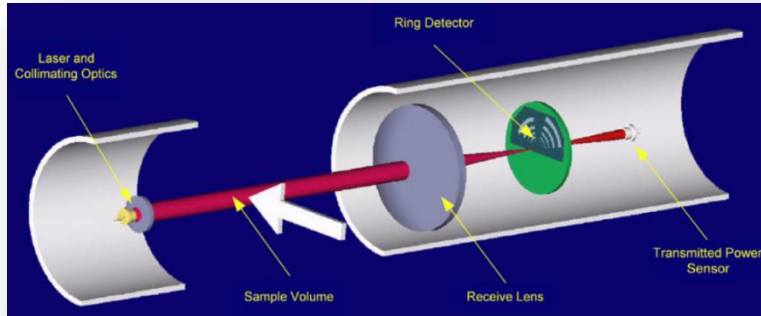
Methods: data collection

mid July 2013
RV *Oceania*
55 stations
7 sections
upper 100 m

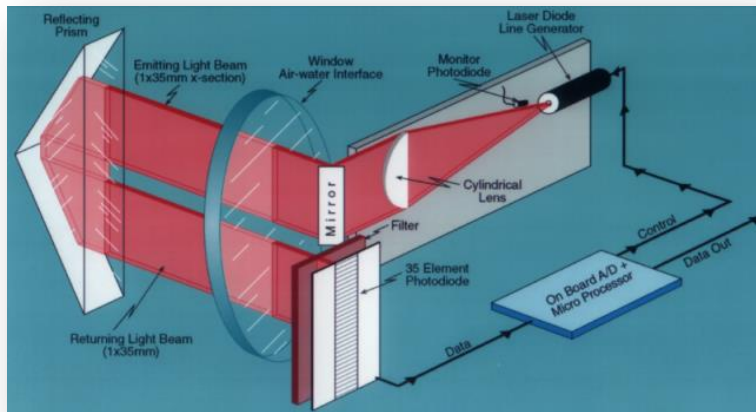


Methods: Instrumentation

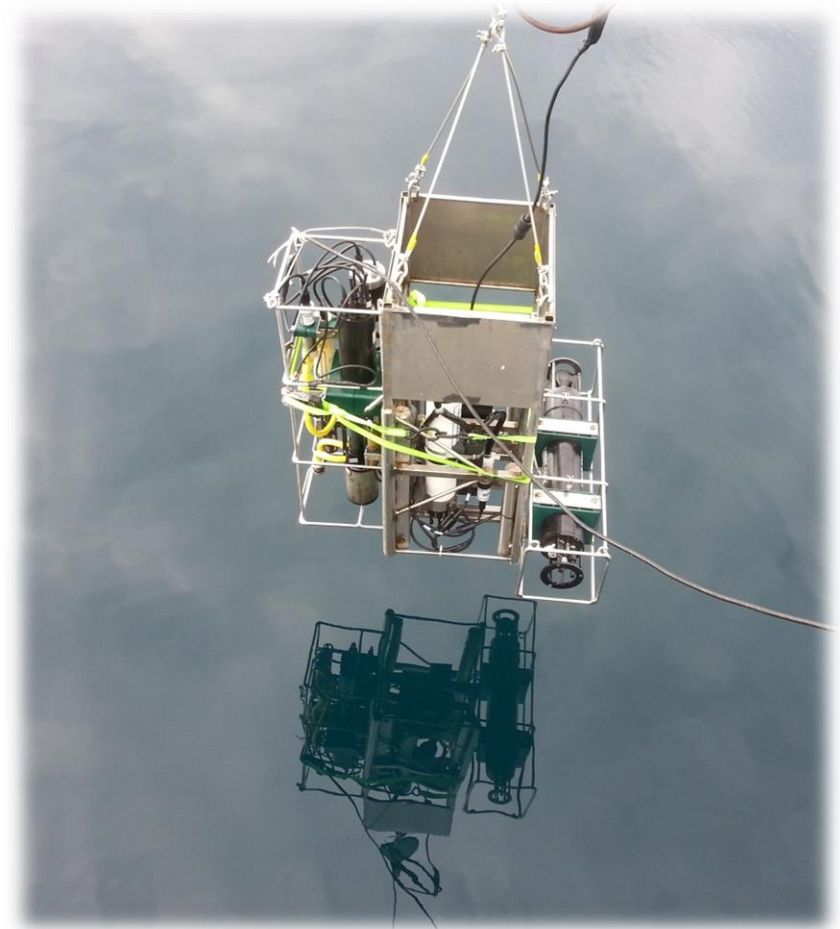
LISST (1 – 250 μm) : sizes & volume ($\mu\text{L/L}$)



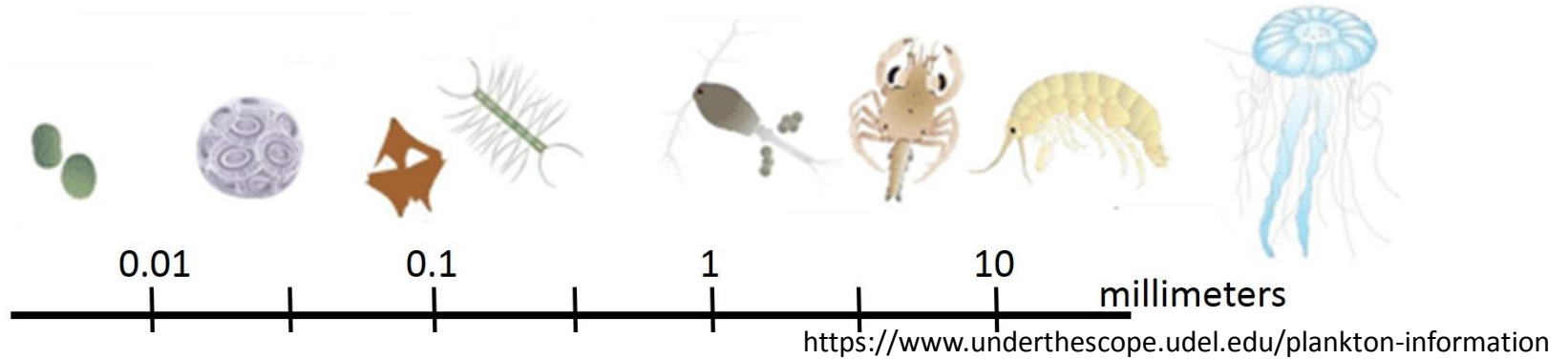
LOPC (100 μm – 3.5 cm) : sizes & counts ($\mu\text{m}/\text{m}^3$)



Coductivity – Temperature – Depth sensor
Fluorometer



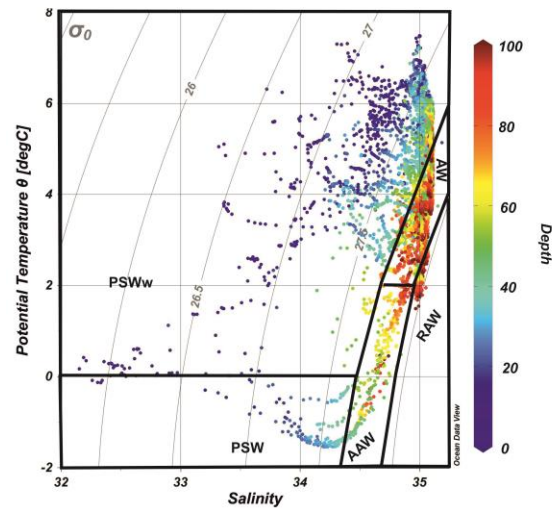
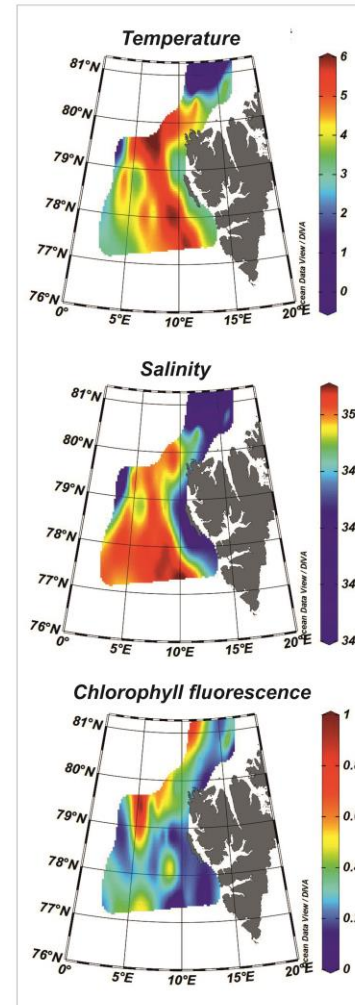
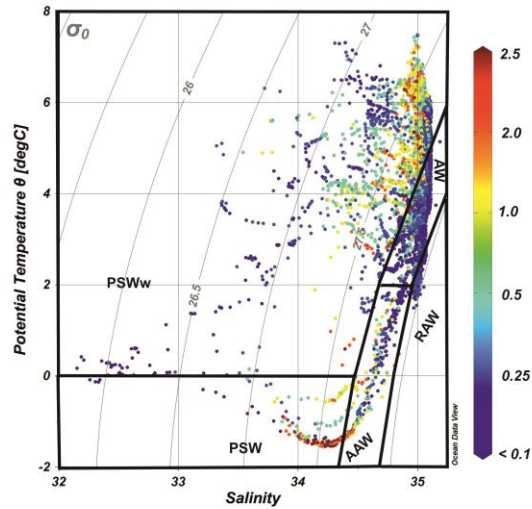
Methods: size classification & size metrics



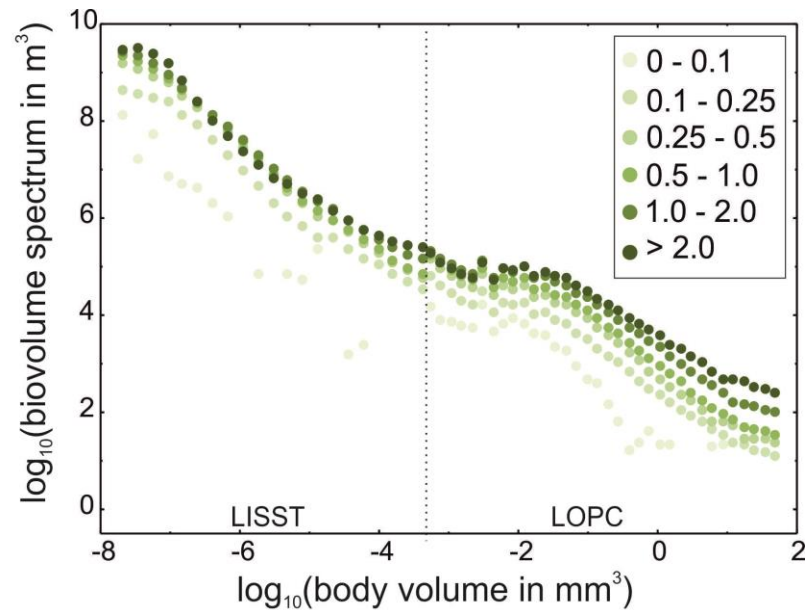
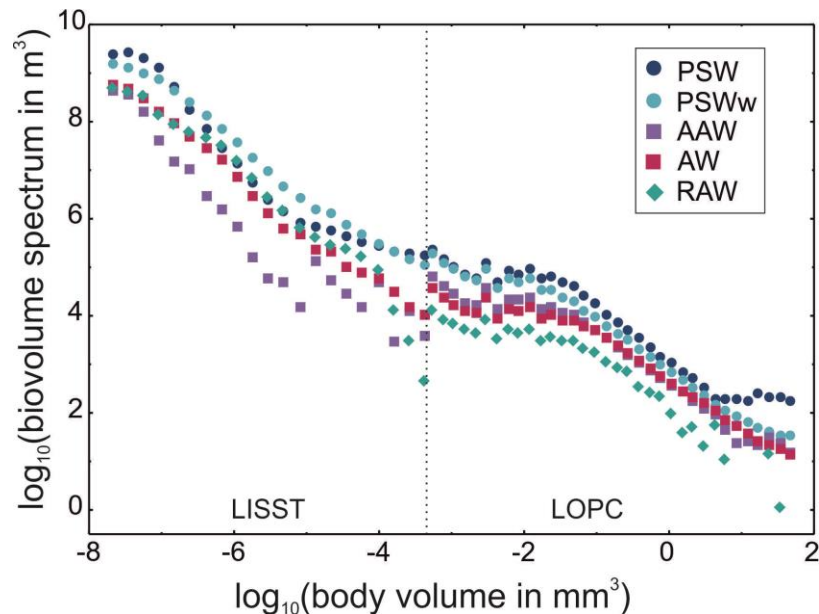
| | |
|-------------|-------------------------------|
| nano- | 3 – 20 μm ESD |
| micro- | 20 – 200 μm ESD |
| small meso- | 200 – 500 μm ESD |
| large meso- | 500 – 5 000 μm ESD |

- NBSS : slope & intercept
- TTE: trophic transfer efficiency (meso- / nano- + micro-)
- Mean size
- Size diversity

Results -- the environment – water masses & chlorophyll

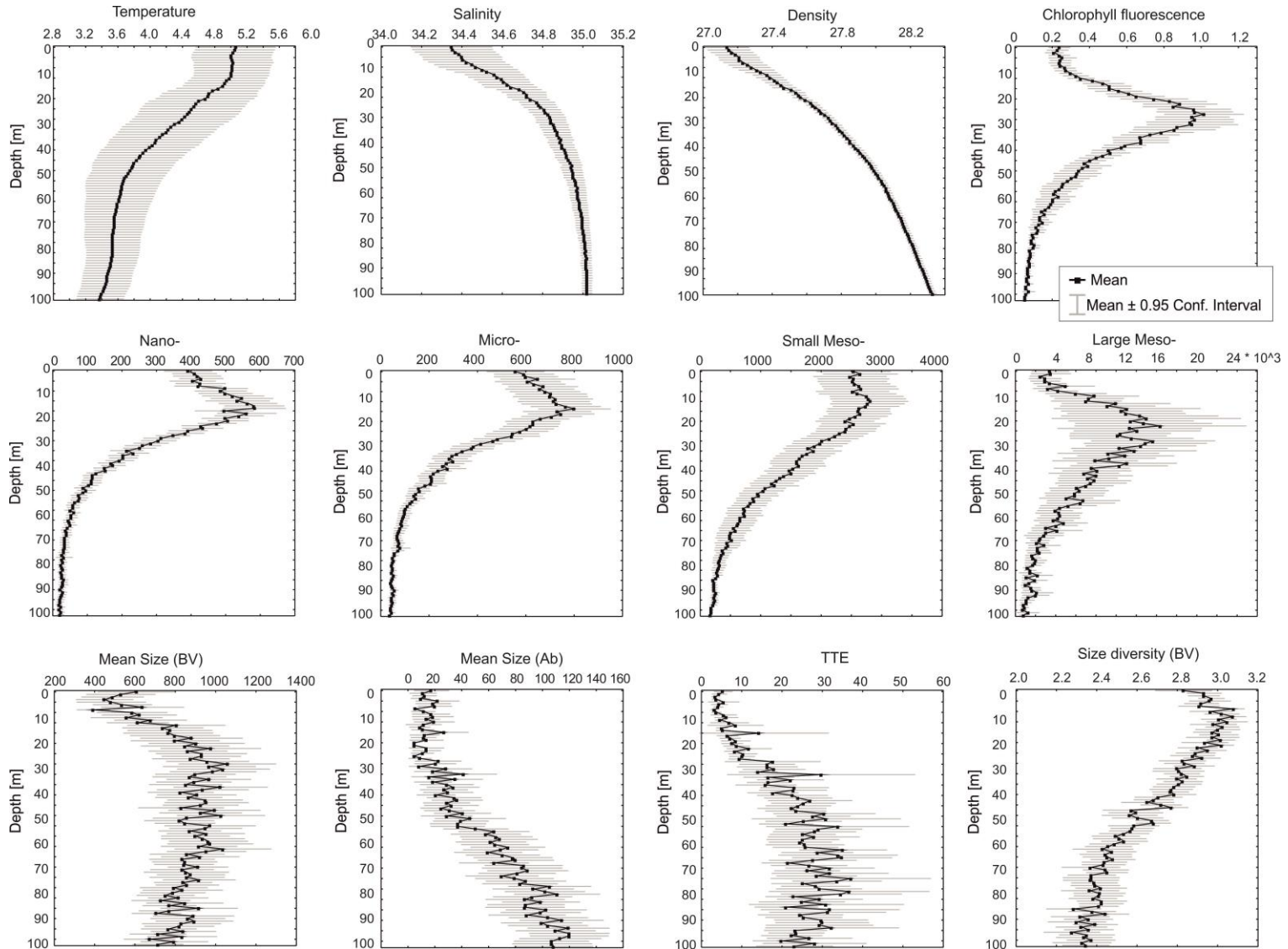


Results -- size metrics -- environment

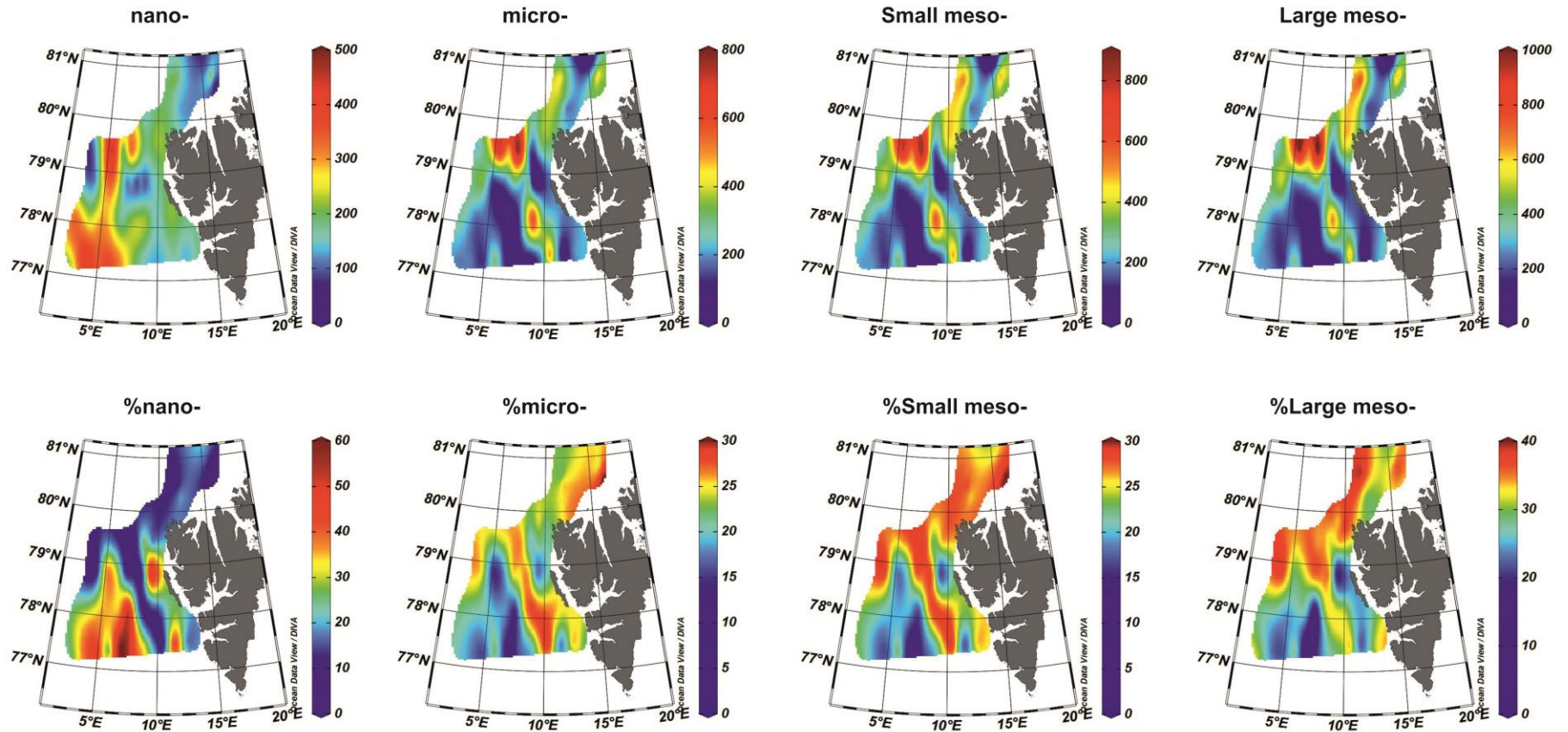


| | | slope | Intercept | TTE | MS (BV) | MS (Ab) | H' |
|--------------------------|----------|-------|-----------|-------|---------|---------|------|
| Water Mass | PSW | -0.72 | 3.13 | 19.81 | 1 424 | 13 | 2.61 |
| | PSWw | -0.80 | 2.83 | 10.09 | 732 | 31 | 2.67 |
| | AAW | -0.63 | 2.51 | 17.21 | 820 | 130 | 2.38 |
| | AW | -0.73 | 2.47 | 21.03 | 881 | 70 | 2.45 |
| | RAW | -0.84 | 1.83 | 12.23 | 694 | 51 | 2.04 |
| Chlorophyll fluorescence | 0-0.1 | -0.83 | 0.76 | 12.95 | 738 | 86 | 2.29 |
| | 0.1-0.25 | -0.78 | 2.38 | 18.14 | 826 | 56 | 2.50 |
| | 0.25-0.5 | -0.80 | 2.69 | 14.93 | 796 | 21 | 2.69 |
| | 0.5-1.0 | -0.78 | 2.88 | 16.27 | 845 | 18 | 2.77 |
| | 1.0-2.0 | -0.74 | 3.22 | 25.72 | 1 220 | 11 | 2.90 |
| | >2.0 | -0.69 | 3.45 | 41.41 | 1 812 | 20 | 2.90 |

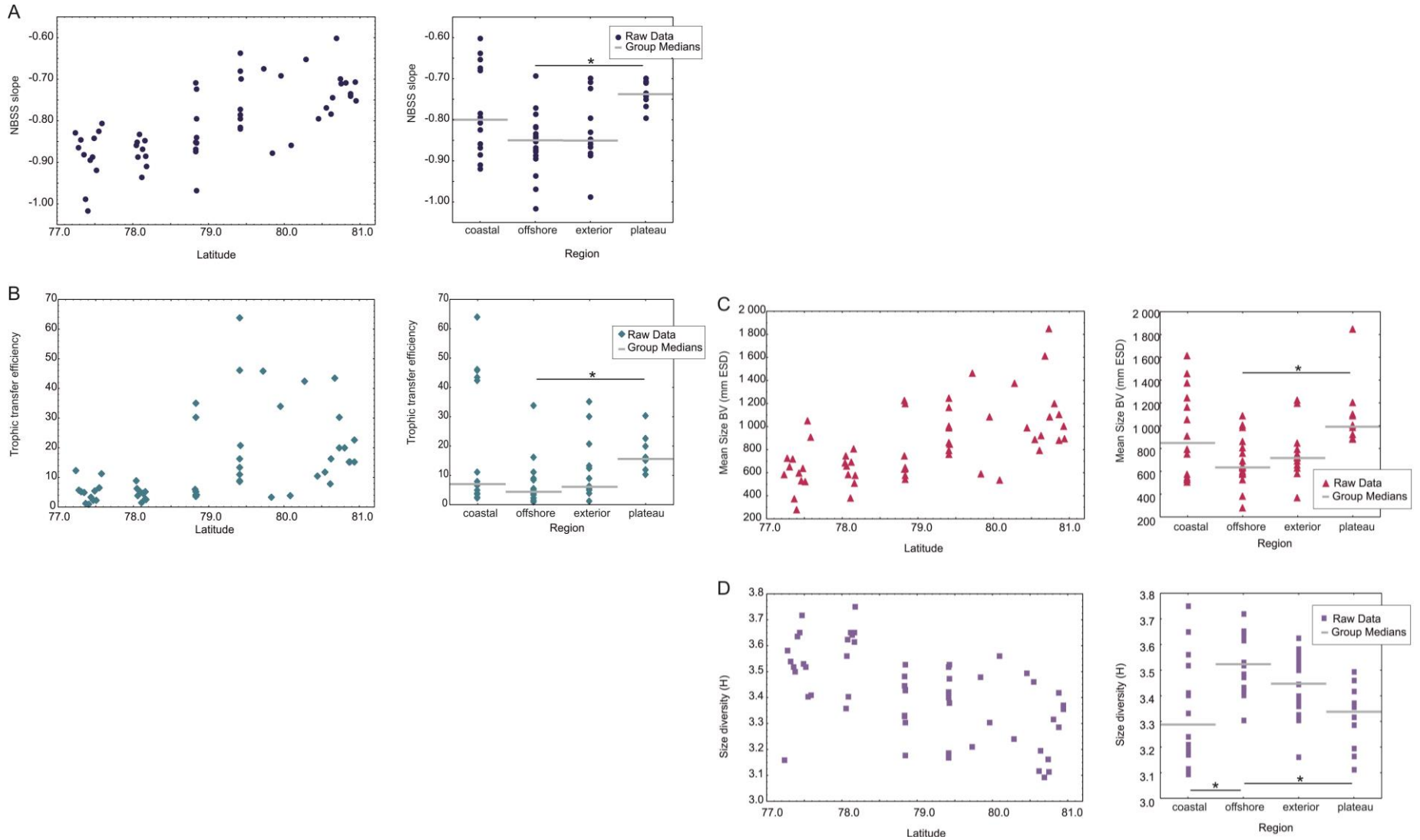
Results: vertical variability



Results: horizontal distribution

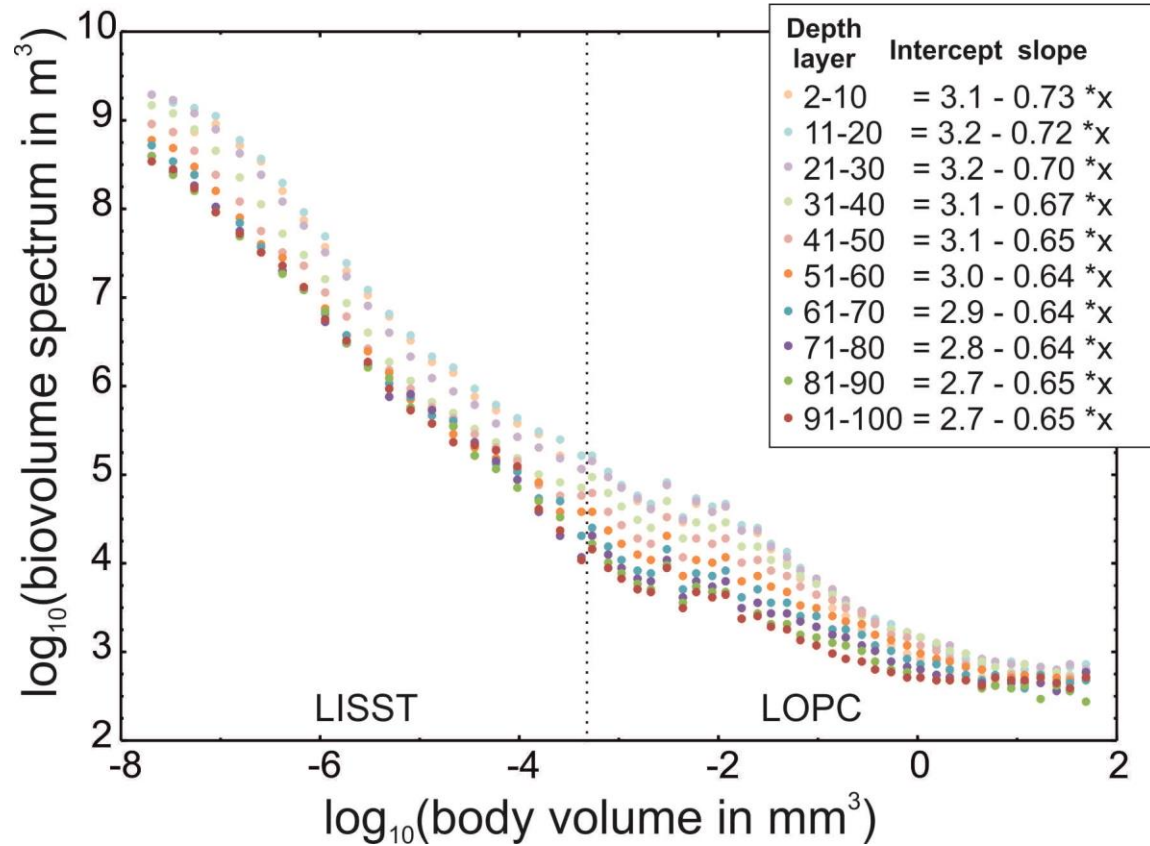
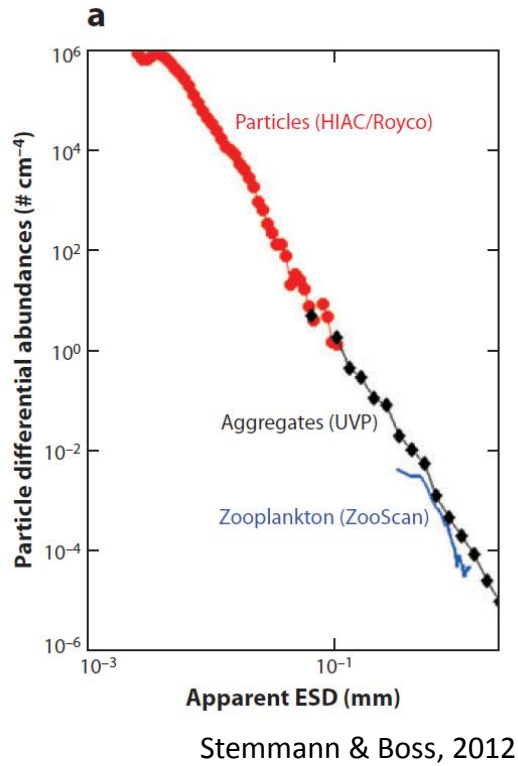


Results: horizontal variability

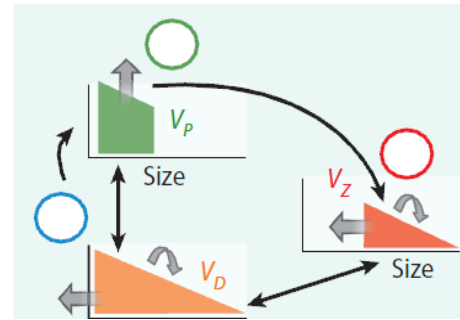


- the spatial gradients (vertical and latitudinal) were more significant in terms of the variability in the size structure of P&P than the environmental gradients (chlorophyll fluorescence, water masses)
- although Polar-origin waters were more productive and contained bigger organisms than Atlantic-origin waters, the trophic interactions were similar among all different types of water masses
- small and diverse organisms in the uppermost layers were separated from bigger organisms below that effectively utilized the phytoplankton standing stocks.
- the importance of the nano- fraction was higher at exterior and coastal locations compared to the offshore and plateau stations.
- a positive trend of most of the P&P size metrics (NBSS slope, mean size, ratio between mesozooplankton fraction to nano- and micro- fractions) towards northern locations reflect the changes in P&P size structure along the pathway of AW passage to the Arctic Ocean.

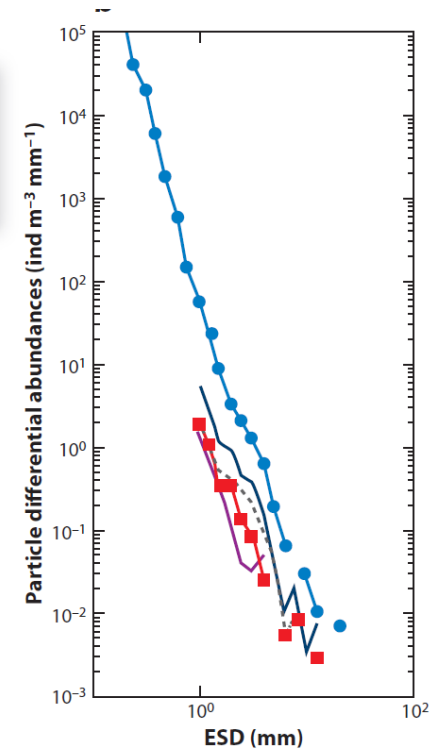
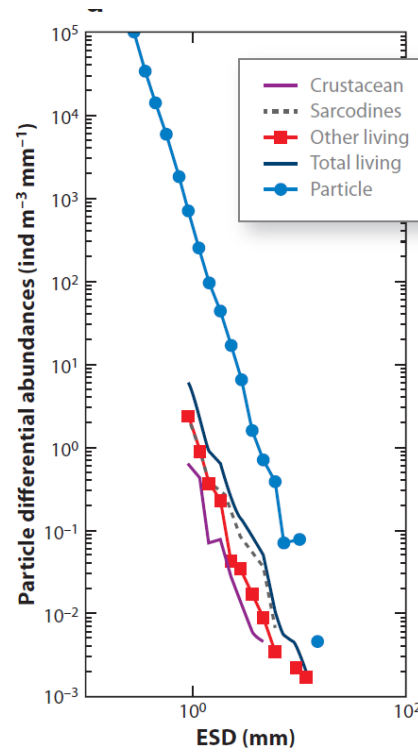
Discussion: methodological challenge



Discussion: diverse players



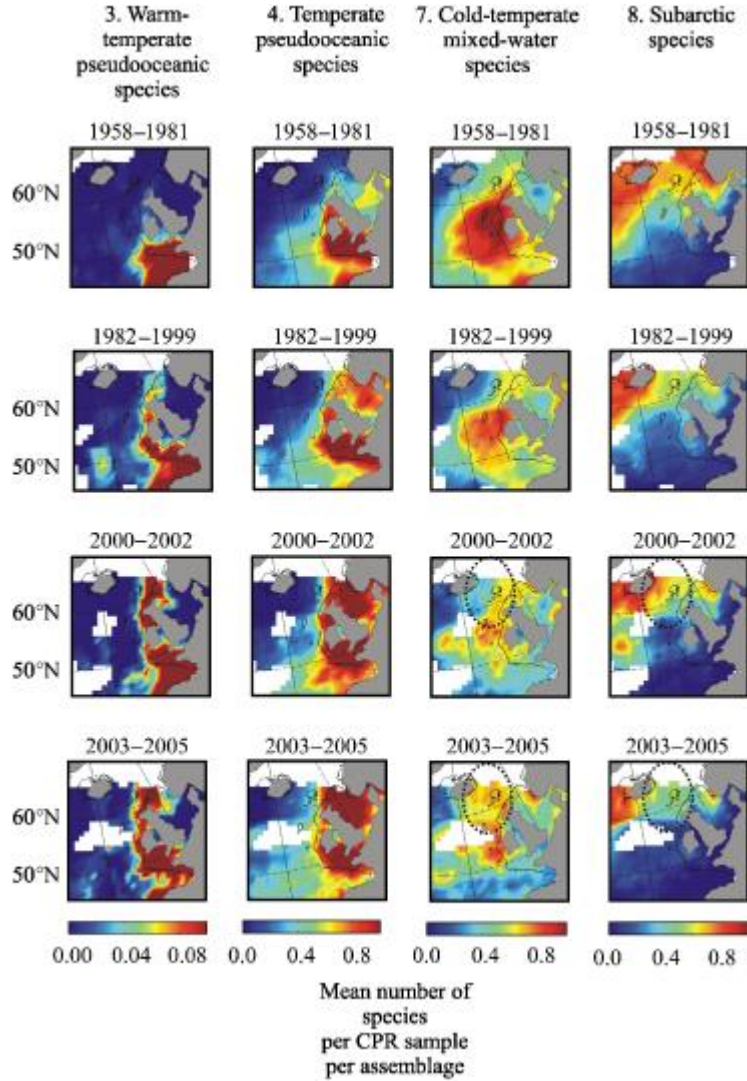
Volume spectrum of
 V_p – phytoplankton
 V_z – zooplankton
 V_d – detritus



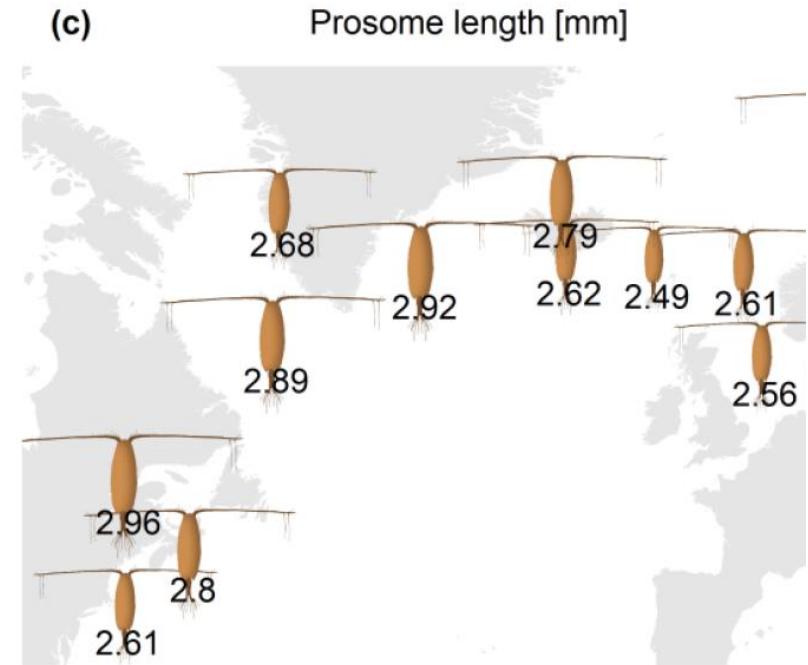
Stemann & Boss, 2012



Discussion: species exchange & individual size response

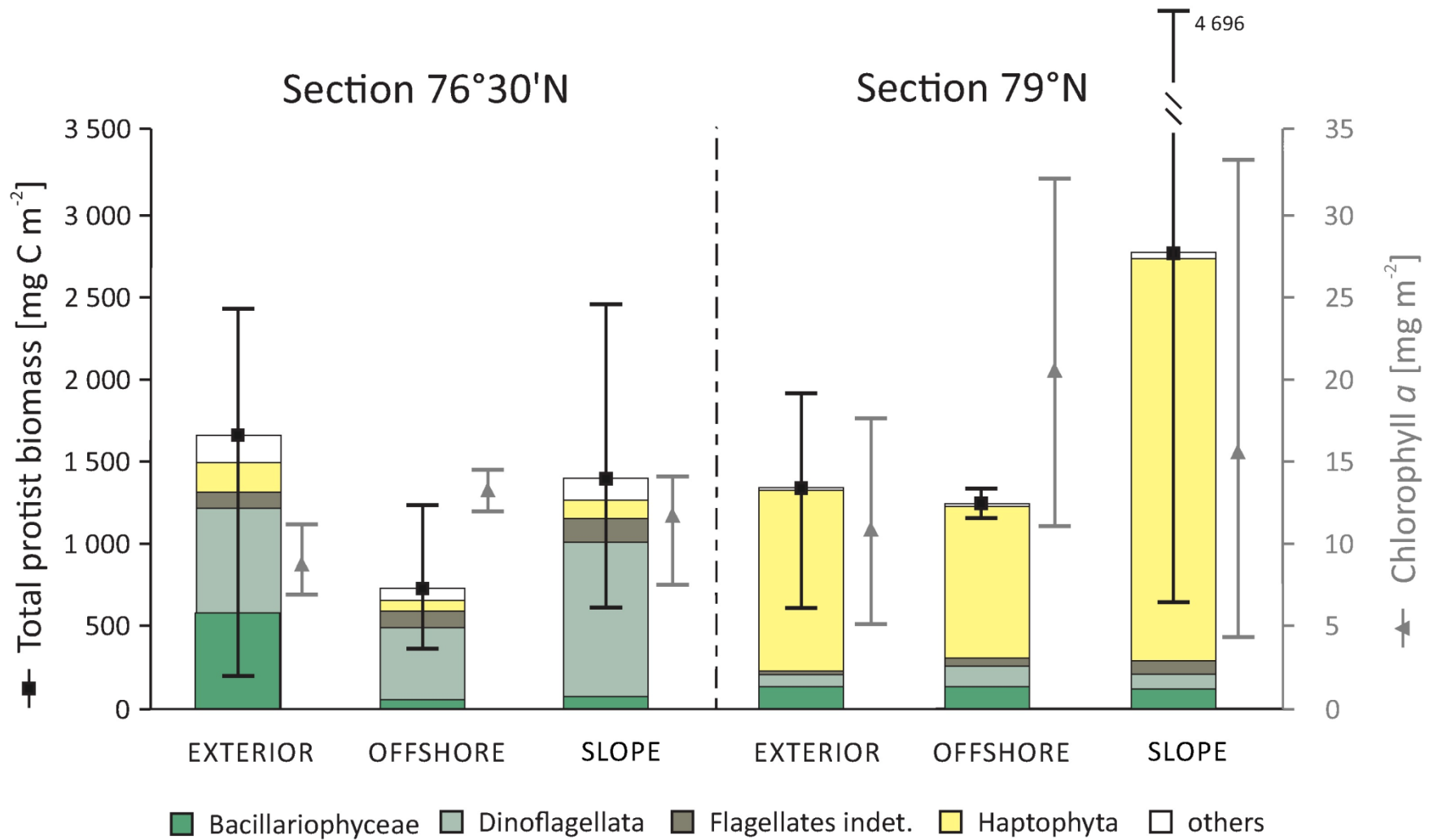


Beaugrand et al., Global Change Biology 2009

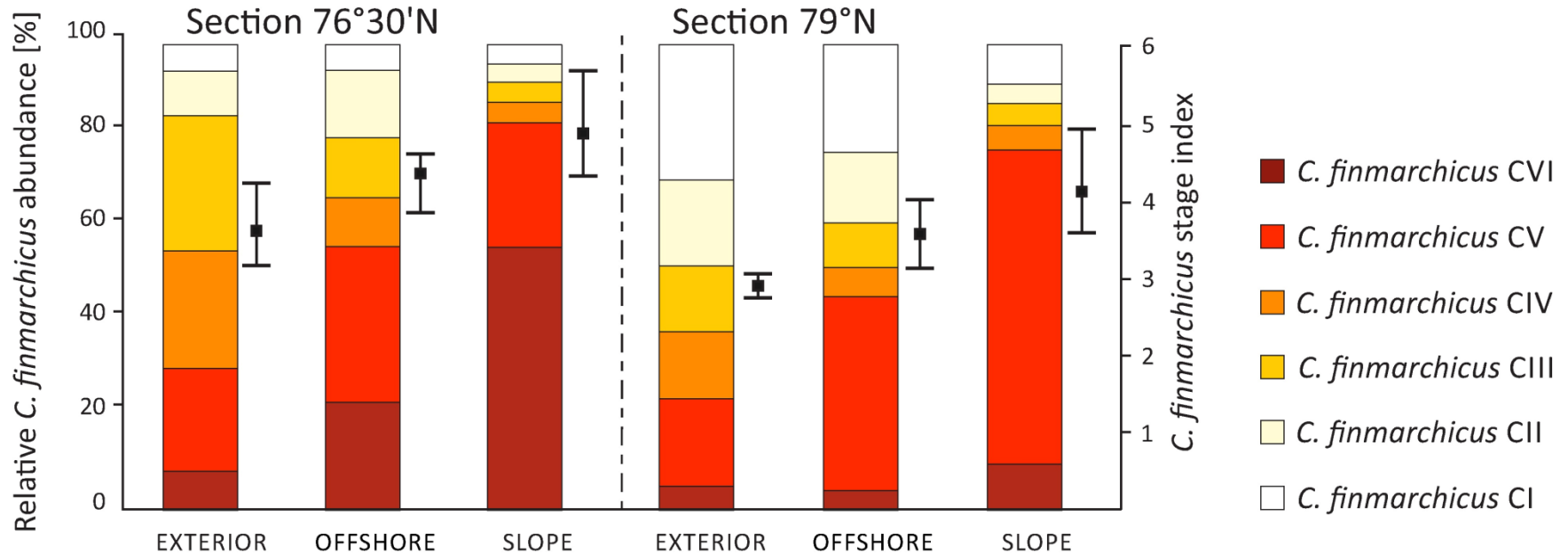


Brun et al., Earth Syst. Sci. Data Discuss 2016

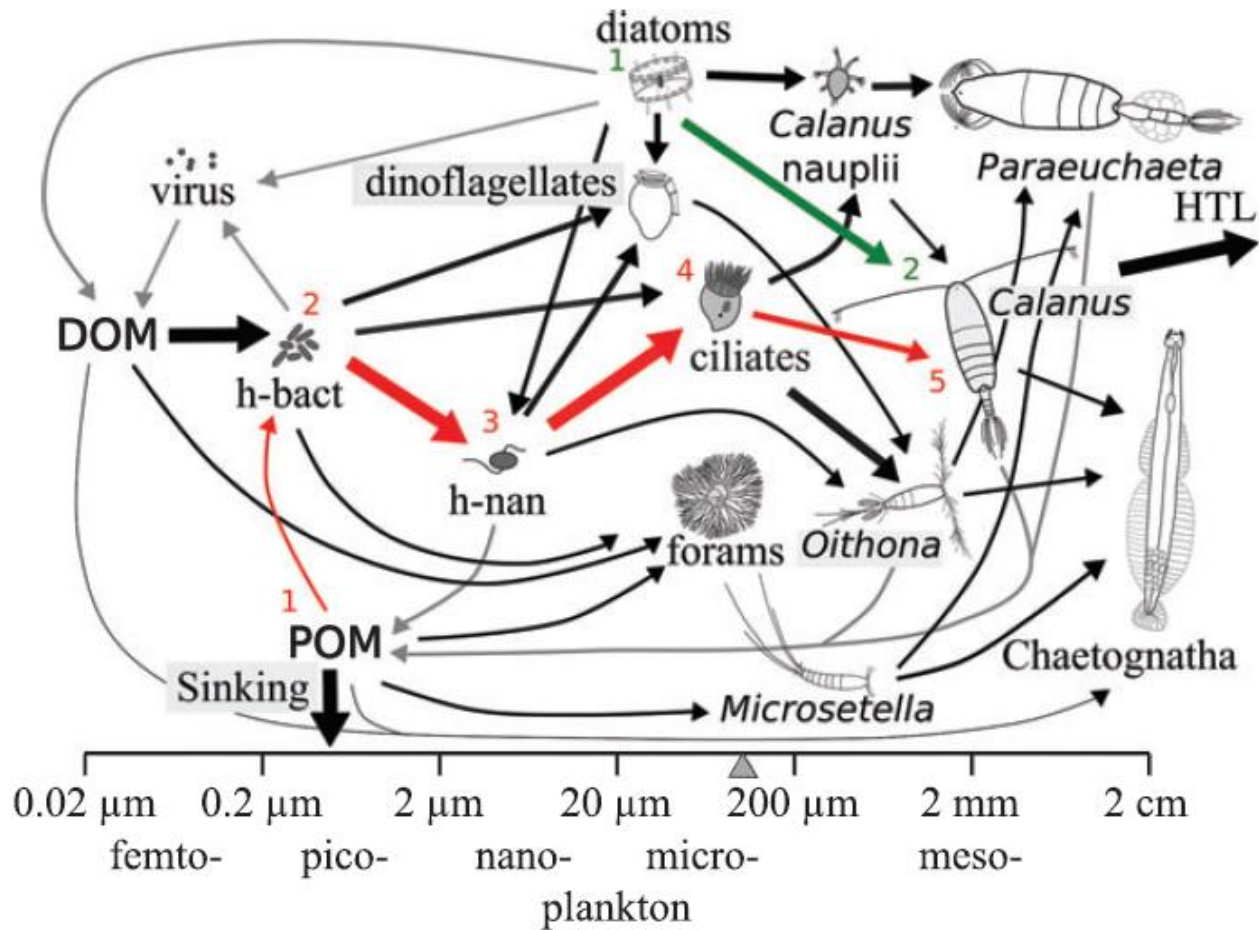
Discussion: horizontal variability of protists



Discussion: not only differences in taxa, but also in succession & ontogeny



Discussion: trophic consequences



Basedow et al., 2016 JPR



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